

# Midterm 2 of Discrete Mathematics

Chuang-Chieh Lin

16:10–17:50, May 15, 2007

Note: Please list complete process of the calculation or the proof for each problem.

1. Given two sets  $A$  and  $B$ . Express  $\overline{A - B}$  in terms of  $\cup$  and  $\cap$ . (10%)
2. A professor has two dozen introductory textbooks on computer science and is concerned about their coverage of the topics ( $A$ ) compilers, ( $B$ ) data structures, and ( $C$ ) operating systems. The following data are the numbers of books that contain material on these topics:

$$\begin{aligned} |A| &= 8 & |B| &= 13 & |C| &= 13 \\ |A \cap B| &= 5 & |A \cap C| &= 3 & |B \cap C| &= 6 \\ |A \cap B \cap C| &= 2 \end{aligned}$$

- (a) How many of the textbooks include material on exactly one of these topics? (5%)
  - (b) How many do not deal with any of the topics? (5%)
  - (c) How many have no material on compilers? (10%)
3. For any  $n \in \mathbb{Z}$ ,  $n \geq 0$ , prove that  $2^{2n+1} + 1$  is divisible by 3. (10%)
  4. Use mathematical induction to show
$$\binom{n+1}{3} = \sum_{i=2}^n \binom{i}{2} \text{ for } n \geq 2. \quad (10\%)$$
  5. If  $p, q$  are primes, prove that  $p|q$  if and only if  $p = q$ . (10%)
  6. Find the greatest common divisor of 486 and 126, and express the result as a linear combination of these two integers. (15%)
  7. Determine which of the following functions from  $\mathbb{Z}$  to  $\mathbb{Z}$  is one-to-one and onto? (5%)  
(a)  $f(n) = |n|$  (b)  $f(n) = n - 1$  (c)  $f(n) = n^2 + 1$  (d)  $f(n) = n^3$  (e)  $f(n) = \lceil n/2 \rceil$ .
  8. (a) Let  $A = \{1, 2, 3, 4\}$  and  $B = \{x, y\}$ , how many onto functions are there from  $A$  to  $B$ ? (10%)  
(b) Let  $C = \{a, b, c, d, e, f\}$ . Find the number of ways to distribute elements in  $C$  into 3 identical containers with no container left empty. (10%)
  9. (The pigeonhole principle) Let  $S = \{3, 7, 11, 15, 19, \dots, 95, 99, 103\}$ . How many elements must we select from  $S$  to insure that there will be at least two whose sum is 110? (10%)
  10. (The pigeonhole principle)  $n + 1$  distinct integers are chosen from  $1, 2, 3, \dots, 2n$ . Show that among the integers chosen there are two such that one of them is divisible by the other. (10%)